Disaster Management Tax Relief FAQ's for Employees' Tax, ETI and Provisional Tax

- Updated on 8 April 2020 with two new questions, numbers 9 and 11 below.
- First published on SARS website on 3 April 2020.

No	Question and Answer
1	Q: What are the tax reliefs announced?
	A: The following tax reliefs were announced -
	1. The expansion of the Employment Tax Incentive (ETI);
	2. Employees' Tax Deferral of 20% of an employer's total employees' tax liability; and
	3. Provisional Tax Deferral of 35% of a taxpayer's provisional tax liability.
2	Q: When does the tax relief take effect?
	A: All tax relief will take effect from 1 April 2020.
3	Q: Who are qualifying taxpayers?
	A: For employees' tax: a company, trust, partnership or individual.
	A: For provisional tax: a company, trust, or individual.
4	Q: What are the requirements to claim the tax relief?
	A: There are two set of requirements that applies to both employees' tax and provisional tax. First requirement:
	✓ A taxpayer who is conducting a trade with a gross income of 50 million or less for the year of
	assessment the period payment is being made for relates to; and
	✓ The gross income must not include more than 10% of income derived from interest, dividends,
	foreign dividends, rental from letting fixed property and any remuneration received from an
	employer.
	Second requirement:
	The taxpayer must be fully tax compliant. That is to say, returns across tax types must have been filed and tax debts paid or arrangements made with SARS regarding any outstanding tax debts. It is important for you to ensure you are compliant for Registration, Filing and Payment of all taxes
	that you are liable for.
	✓ An additional requirement for PAYE and ETI, is that employers must have been registered as an employer with SARS by 1 March 2020 to be able to qualify for these tax reliefs.
5	Q: What if I am not tax compliant?
	A: You must rectify your tax compliance before submitting the relevant returns for these tax periods. Where a
	return is received for the stated tax periods, and the taxpayer is identified as non-compliant, no tax relief will
	be granted.
6	Q: What is the Employment Tax Incentive (ETI) tax relief?
	A: The expansion of the ETI involves
	\checkmark an increase of R500 in the maximum incentive available in respect of qualifying employees (18 – 29
	years). This increases the maximum incentive from R1000 to R1500 for the first 12 months of
	employment and from R500 to R1000 for the second 12 months.
	 The expansion also covers qualifying young employees after their first 24 months of employment, as
	well as qualifying employees from 30 to 65. In these cases, the maximum incentive is R500.
	✓ In addition, any unused ETI amounts will be refunded monthly for these stated tax periods "for
	employees' tax returns due on 7 May 2020 through to 7 August 2020."

	A: The ETI mea The measures 2020, running employers who	ne ETI measures effor sures will be availa will form part of th through to 31 July ose ETI exceeds the neans that refunds cle of refunds.	ble to emp e normal E 2020. SARS eir employ	lloyers who TI system a S is working ees tax liab	dministere hard to er ility by the	d by SARS an nsure that it time return	id will take o will be in a s are due fo	effect from 1 Apr position to refun or the first perio	
8	Q: What is the Employees' Tax Deferral? A: The employees' tax deferral allows qualifying taxpayers to defer 20% of their employees' tax liability for each tax period from 1 April 2020, running through to 31 July 2020. The remaining 80% must be paid by the relevant due dates. Illustration:								
	Payroll	Gross liability	<u>20%</u> deferral	<u>80%</u> Payable	Date due of the 80%	Payroll	<u>Amount</u> payable	Date due	
	April May	150 000 145 000	29 000	120 000 116 000	07-May 05-Jun	August September	20 000 20 000	07-Sep 05-Oct	
	June July Cash flow benefit	155 00 150 00		124 000 120 000	07-Jul 07-Aug	October November December January	20 000 20 000 20 000 20 000	06-Nov 07-Dec 07-Jan 05-Feb	
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11	Q: What amount must I declare on my IRP6 (provisional tax return)?
	A: The <u>total estimated tax liability</u> must be declared (that is, as per normal process). If you are a qualifying taxpayer, only pay 15% (first provisional tax period) or 65% (second provisional tax period) of the tax liability by the relevant due dates. The deferred tax liability will not attract any penalties and interest.